

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023

SCOPE OF MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following Management Discussion & Analysis («MD&A»), dated July 20, 2023, is to be read in conjunction with the interim condensed unaudited financial statements of Vision Lithium Inc. (the «Company» or «VLI») for the three and nine month periods ended May 31, 2023 and the audited financial statements of Vision Lithium Inc. for the year ended August 31, 2022 as well as with the accompanying notes. The interim condensed unaudited financial statements for the three and nine month periods ended May 31, 2023 are prepared under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars. The objective of this Management's Discussion and Analysis Report ("MD&A") released by VLI is to allow the reader to assess our operating and exploration results as well as our financial position for the three and nine month period ended May 31, 2023 compared to the same period last year.

The Company discloses, on a regular basis, additional information on its operations, which is recorded on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR) in Canada at: www.sedar.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document may contain forward-looking statements that reflect management's current expectations with regards to future events. Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain factors and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ from expected results. Factors that could cause our results, our operations and future events to change materially compared to expectations expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, volatility in the metal prices, risks inherent to the mining industry, uncertainty regarding the mineral resource estimation and additional funding requirements and the Company's ability to obtain such funding.

INCORPORATION, NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND ONGOING EXPLORATION AND COVID-19

Vision Lithium Inc., incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporation Act*, is a mineral resources exploration company, and the head office is based in Val-d'Or, Québec. The exploration sites are located mainly in the provinces of Québec, Manitoba and New Brunswick in Canada. During the period, the Company completed an airborne MAG-EM survey and a drilling program on its Red Brook project in New Brunswick and completed a PEA (Preliminary Economic Assessment) of its Sirmac Lithium property in Quebec.

The Company does not have any producing property. Recovery of the cost of mining assets is subject to the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the Company's ability to obtain the financing required to pursue exploration and development of its properties, and profitable future production or the proceeds from the sale of its properties. The Company must periodically obtain new funds in order to pursue its activities. While it has always succeeded in doing so to date, there can be no assurance that it will continue to do so in the future.

The shares of the Company are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange and traded under the symbol VLI.

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE THIRD QUARTER OF 2023

Summary of Exploration

The Company incurred expenses totaling \$1,232,452 before tax credits and credits on refundable exploration duties and write-off for the third quarter ended May 31, 2023, compared to \$1,201,236 for the same quarter in 2022. In the interim condensed unaudited financial statements, those exploration costs are presented net of exploration tax credits and write-off.

Financial results

Since the Company focuses on the development of its exploration and evaluation assets, its revenues, mainly finance income, are not sufficient to cover its operational costs. Without any other available sources of revenue, the Company is unprofitable. During the year, the Company maintained a tight control of its other expenses.

The loss for the period of \$1,813,085 reflects the current activities of the Company.

MINING PROPERTIES

The technical information in the following section was reviewed by Yves Rougerie, geologist and President & CEO of Vision Lithium Inc. Mr. Rougerie is a Qualified Person within the meaning of the term as defined in of National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects.

The Company has an interest or option to acquire an interest in the following properties:

Name	Status	Notes	Royalties
Cadillac. QC	Wholly owned	NEW Lithium project	2% on 215 claims
Godslith, MB	Wholly owned	Lithium project	3%
Sirmac, QC	Wholly owned	Lithium project	Nil
Red Brook, NB	Wholly owned	Zn-Cu-Pb-Ag-Au project	2%
Dôme Lemieux, QC	Wholly owned	Cu-Zn porphyry/skarn project	Nil
St. Stephen, NB	50% Interest	Ni-Cu-Co project	Nil
Decelles, QC	Wholly owned	NEW Lithium project	2% on 40 claims
Epsilon, QC	Wholly owned	Au-U project	2%

Sirmac Lithium Property

The Sirmac Lithium Property, acquired in 2018, consisted originally of 24 mining claims located northwest of Chibougamau, in the province of Québec. The property is located 40 km West of Sayona Mining's high-grade Moblan lithium project. Together, they are the only two major lithium occurrences in the Frotet-Evans greenstone Belt. Since acquisition, the Company has added 131 new claims in 2019 and 2020 to adjoin and protect the East zone lithium occurrence and extend eastward from the original 24 claims acquired from Nemaska Lithium.

On February 21, 2023, Vision Lithium reported it had received the results of a positive **Preliminary Economic Assessment** (**PEA**) for the Sirmac #5 Lithium Dike deposit from the Company's independent consultants GoldMinds Geoservices of Quebec, Canada. The #5 Dike is located 160 km by road North of Chibougamau, Quebec, Canada. The PEA presents a robust quarry/open pit mining operation for direct shipping of mineralized material ("**DSO**") with very attractive economics at discounted lithium prices.

Preliminary Economic Assessment Highlights:

- Pre-Tax net present value ("NPV") (discount rate 5%) of C\$183.6M, internal rate of return ("IRR") of 839% and payback less than 1 year
- After-Tax net present value ("NPV") (discount rate 5%) of C\$104.8M, internal rate of return ("IRR") of 484% and payback less than 1 year
- Assumed DSO selling price of US\$591 per tonne / C\$797 per tonne
- 4 years of mine life with 321,000 tonnes of DSO at 1.33 % Li₂O
- Revenue of C\$253.4M
- Life of Mine capital of C\$3.1M
- Operation cost per tonne of DSO at C\$142

PEA Overview, Description and Location

The Sirmac lithium project (the "**Sirmac Project**") is located in the Eeyou Istchee/James Bay region (NTS 32J11 mapset), in the northwest region of the province of Québec. The property is approximately 160 km northwest of the town of Chibougamau and 170 km southeast of the community of Nemaska. The Sirmac Project is accessible by the Route du Nord (Northern Road) that starts in Chibougamau.

The project calls for the direct shipping of mineralized material. The base case is EXW Chibougamau (stockpiled in Chibougamau for client pickup). An alternative scenario is also presented herein, the FOB Saguenay scenario where mineralized material is transported to the port of Saguenay and loaded onto ships.

The PEA considers a conventional truck and shovel open-pit/quarry mining operation, where mineralized material is blasted and then loaded onto trucks and transported to the railhead in Chibougamau, Quebec 160 km away. The PEA is based on the mineral resource estimate presented in a technical report titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report: Preliminary Economic Assessment on Pegmatite Dike #5 Lithium-Tantalum Deposit; Sirmac Property, Québec" dated February 15, 2023 and prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 - *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("NI 43-101") by GoldMinds Geoservices Inc. ("GMG") of Quebec City, Quebec, Canada (the "Technical Report").

The Technical Report relating to the PEA is filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and Vision Lithium's website www.visionlithium.com. Readers are encouraged to read the PEA in its entirety, including all qualifications, assumptions and exclusions that relate to the details summarized in this news release. The PEA is intended to be read as a whole, and sections should not be read or relied upon out of context.

The PEA is preliminary in nature, includes inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral or ore reserves. There is no certainty that the preliminary economic assessment in the PEA will be realised.

Mineral Resources Estimate

The information gathered by SGS Canada – Geostat in 2014 was used for the new resource estimation with updated economic variables as GMG is of the opinion that the additional data collected in 2018 and 2022 confirm the model or, in some cases, do not concern the Dike studied here, the #5 Dike. The data has been verified in its form, grades, interpretation as well as interpolation parameters and classification and the block model is considered current. As there is no material change in that aspect, GoldMinds' qualified persons endorse the work done by SGS' qualified persons.

Considering the blocks limited to the optimized pit shell and a cut-off grade of 0.50% Li₂O, the pit constrained mineral resources including ramp design of the Sirmac deposit are 192,000t of measured resources at 1.38% Li₂O, 81,000t of indicated resources at 1.39% Li₂O and 49,000t of inferred resources at 1.05% Li₂O (Table 1). The tantalum ("TaO5") values are given from the block values inside the lithium mineralized solids and have yet to demonstrate extractability and economic potential.

These mineral resources do not represent mining reserves since they have not shown economic viability and include inferred material.

Table 1: Mineral Resources for the Sirmac Project with Li₂O Cut-off Grade of 0.50% (2023)

Cut-Off Grade Li ₂ O %	Category	Tonnage t	Average Grade Li %	Average Grade Li ₂ O %	Average Grade TaO5 %
0.50	Measured	192,000	0.639	1.38	0.0074
0.50	Indicated	81,000	0.647	1.39	0.0081
0.50	Inferred	49,000	0.487	1.05	0.0062

Notes:

- (1) The mineral resource estimate has been calculated using the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Definitions Standards for mineral resources in accordance with NI 43-101. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Inferred mineral resources are exclusive of the Measured and Indicated resources.
- (2) Bulk density of 2.70 t/m^3 is used.
- (3) Effective date January 23, 2023.
- (4) Tonnage rounded to the nearest thousand.

Mining & Processing

The PEA assumes conventional open pit truck and shovel mining. Production is designed to use a turnkey contractor where 1,194,000 metric tonnes, including 321,000 tonnes of mineralized material at a grade of 1.33% Li₂O, will be mined in four years. The contractor will operate on a 6-month quarry operation basis with a schedule of 7 days per week, 12 hours a day.

Supporting infrastructure on site will include a small administrative building, warehouse, fuel tank, generator and various sea can for material storage. Employees will stay at an existing logging camp located about 20 kilometres by road from for the site.

Figure 1: Overall Site Layout



Transport of mineralized material from mine site to Chibougamau will be performed by a contractor. Forestry roads joining the property to the Chibougamau railhead can accommodate heavy load trucks up to 150 tonnes.

As the mineralized material is to be sold as a Direct Shipping mineralized material, the effective recovery will depend on the company and plant which will process the material.

Nonetheless, previous metallurgical testing programs demonstrated the Sirmac pegmatite #5 Dike is suitable to produce a spodumene concentrate grading 6% Li₂O and above.

Environment, Permitting and Social

The site is located within the Eeyou Istchee Territory of the Mistissini Cree First Nation, and on the traditional trapping territories of the tallymen who live on the territory. Vision Lithium intends to develop good relations with the Cree Nation of the Eeyou Istchee James Bay Region, and in particular the Cree Nation of Mistissini, the First Nations community whose traditional land use and economic activities may be most directly impacted by the Vision Lithium's development. Vision Lithium views this development in terms of its benefits to the Quebec economy, as well as the Cree communities and the local Chibougamau - Chapais Jamesian communities.

As the project is located in Eeyou Istchee / Baie James territory, the development of a mine would fall under the Northern Quebec Regime for Environmental Evaluation. It is mandatory for a mine project to undergo the Environmental Evaluation Process under the James Bay Agreement. It is a 5 steps process involving consultations and collaboration with the Cree Nation. These steps are: Project Notice, Evaluation, Redaction of the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment, Review and Decision.

Vision Lithium continues to work with its environmental consultants to develop a plan for permitting the Project. The Company will need to develop various environmental studies which are mainly divided as Biophysical Environment: (topography, water quality, air quality, soil and rock characteristics, etc.), Biological Environment (Fauna and Flora) and Human Environment (Socio-Economical impacts and Opportunities). Other planned evaluations for the permitting strategy will necessarily consider mine design, processing, and reclamation plan development.

Capital Costs

The PEA is based on a capital cost summary, in accordance with AACE Class 5 guidelines with an estimated accuracy of $\pm -35\%$, which is shown in the table below:

Table 2: Capital costs EXW Chibougamau (Base Case)

Description	Cost (C\$)
Mine capital costs	500,000
Transfer station dome Chibougamau	250,000
Infrastructure capital costs	1,000,000
Closure costs	500,000
Contingency (15%)	337,500
Owner costs (10%)	225,000
EPCM costs (5%)	112,500
Total initial capex	2,925,000

Operating Costs

Mine operating costs by activity area are shown in the table below.

Table 3: Operating costs detailed EXW Chibougamau (Base Case)

Items	Cost (C\$)	Cost (C\$/t ore mined)
Mine operating costs	18,901,000	58.88
Shipping Quarry to		
Chibougamau	21,995,000	68.52
G&A	4,815,000	15.00
Total	45,711,000	142.40

Table 4: Operating costs detailed FOB Port Saguenay (Alternate scenario)

Items	Cost (C\$)	Cost (C\$/t ore mined)
Mine operating costs	18,901,000	58.88
Shipping quarry to Chibougamau	21,995,000	68.52
Shipping Chibougamau to Saguenay port	28,457,000	88.65
G&A	4,815,000	15.00
Total	74,168,000	231.05

^{*}Numbers may not add due to rounding

Economic Model

The main assumptions for the economic analysis and the results are summarized in the following tables:

Table 5: Main assumptions of Economic Analysis

Items	Units	Values
Li ₂ O spodumene concentrate	US\$/mt	4,100
DSO selling price	US\$/mt	591
Mining (mineralized material)	metric	321,000
tonnage over LOM	tonne	
Royalty on sales	%	1.00
Federal tax	%	15.00
Provincial tax	%	11.50
Mining tax	%	16.00

^{*}DSO Selling price calculated as follow = Li_2O concentrate sell price x ((% Li_2O Grade)/ 6.0% Li_2O concentrate) x 65% payable

Table 6: Base Case economics

Items		Value (C\$)
Total revenue of sales		253,366,000
Total operating costs		45,711,000
Before-tax discounted	(5.0%) NPV	183,576,500
After-tax discounted	(5.0%) NPV	104,752,000

^{*}Numbers rounded

Table 7: FOB Saguenay economics

Items		Value (C\$)
		(C3)
Total revenue of sales		253,366,000
Total operating costs		74,167,590
Before-tax discounted	(5.0%) NPV	167,095,046
After-tax discounted	(5.0%) NPV	99,961,526

^{*}Numbers rounded

Table 8: Detailed Cash flow of Direct Shipping Material to Chibougamau

DSO PEA 2023 - EXW Chibougamau

ear		-1	1	2	3	4	Total
HYSICAL							
Direct Shipping Material Mined	(t)		100 000	100 000	100 000	21 000	321 000
Grade	%(Li2O)		1,33	1,33	1,33	1,33	1,33
Waste Mined	(t)		130 000	307 000	307 000	129 000	873 000
Total Mined	(t)		230 000	407 000	407 000	150 000	1 194 000
Strip Ratio	(t:t)		1,30	3,07	3,07	6,14	2,7
evenues							
DSO selling price	(US\$/t)		591 \$	591 \$	591 \$	591 \$	591 5
Exchange Rate	US\$:CA\$		1,35	1,35	1,35	1,35	1,35
DSO selling price	(CA\$/t)		797 \$	797 \$	797 \$	797 \$	797
1% NSR Royalty	(CA\$)		797 275 \$	797 275 \$	797 275 \$	167 428 \$	2 559 253
Revenue	(CA\$)		78 930 229 \$	78 930 229 \$	78 930 229 \$	16 575 348 \$	253 366 035
PEX							
Mining Operating Costs	(CA\$)		3 640 900 \$	6 442 810 \$	6 442 810 \$	2 374 500 \$	18 901 020
Shipping	(CA\$)		6 852 000 \$	6 852 000 \$	6 852 000 \$	1 438 920 \$	21 994 920
G&A Operating Costs	(CA\$)		1 500 000 \$	1 500 000 \$	1 500 000 \$	315 000 \$	4 815 000
Total Operating Cost	(CA\$)		11 992 900 \$	14 794 810 \$	14 794 810 \$	4 128 420 \$	45 710 940
Total Operating Cost / Tonne DSO	(CA\$/t)		120 S	148 \$	148 S	197 \$	142
APEX & SUSTAINING CAPEX	(- 1, -)						
Mine Capital Costs Sirmac	(CA\$)	500 000 \$	25 000 \$	25 000 \$	25 000 \$	25 000 \$	600 000
Transfert station Dome Chibougamau	(CA\$)	250 000 \$	5 000 \$	5 000 \$	5 000 \$	5 000 \$	270 000
Infrastructure Capital Costs Sirmac	(CA\$)	1 000 000 \$	20 000 \$	20 000 \$	20 000 \$	20 000 \$	1 080 000
Closure Costs	(CA\$)	500 000 \$					500 000
Sub-Total Capital Costs	(CA\$)	2 250 000 \$	50 000 \$	50 000 \$	50 000 \$	50 000 \$	2 450 000
Contingency 15% on client capital cost	(CA\$)	337 500 \$	30 000 Ç	30 000 Ç	30 000 ¢	30 000 \$	337 500
Owner's cost 10% on client capital cost	(CA\$)	225 000 \$					225 000
EPCM cost 5% on client capital cost	(CA\$)	112 500 \$					112 500
Grand Total Capital Costs	(CA\$)	2 925 000 \$	50 000 \$	50 000 \$	50 000 \$	50 000 \$	3 125 000
CONOMICS	(0,14)	2 323 000 ¢	30 000 ¥	30 000 \$	30 000 ¢	30 000 \$	0 120 000 (
Depreciation Pool Beginning	(CA\$)	2 250 000 \$	2 300 000 \$	1 633 489 \$	944 354 \$	213 896 \$	7 341 739 5
Depreciation Period	(CA\$)	- \$	716 511 \$	739 135 \$	780 458 \$	213 896 \$	2 450 000
Depreciation Pool End	(CA\$)	2 250 000 \$	1 583 489 \$	894 354 \$	163 896 \$	- \$	4 891 739
Working Capital	(CA\$)	5 000 000 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(5 000 000) \$	- 4031733
Taxable Income	(CA\$)	- \$	66 220 818 \$	63 396 284 \$	63 354 961 \$	12 233 032 \$	205 205 095
Federal Tax	(CA\$)	- \$	9 933 123 \$	9 509 443 \$	9 503 244 \$	1 834 955 \$	30 780 764
Provincial Tax	(CA\$)	- \$	7 615 394 \$	7 290 573 \$	7 285 821 \$	1 406 799 \$	23 598 586
Mining Tax	,					•	32 832 815
Total Tax	(CAS)	- 6	10 505 331 \$	10 1/12 //05 \$	10 136 70/ISI	1 057 795 C I	
TOTAL LAX	(CA\$)	- \$	10 595 331 \$	10 143 405 \$	10 136 794 \$	1 957 285 \$	
Cash Flow Refore Tay	(CA\$)	- \$	28 143 848 \$	26 943 421 \$	26 925 859 \$	5 199 039 \$	87 212 165
Cash Flow Before Tax	(CA\$) (CA\$)	- \$ (7 925 000) \$					87 212 165
Pre-production CAPEX	(CA\$) (CA\$) (CA\$)	- \$ (7 925 000) \$ 2 925 000 \$	28 143 848 \$	26 943 421 \$	26 925 859 \$	5 199 039 \$	87 212 165
Pre-production CAPEX IRR	(CA\$) (CA\$) (CA\$) (%)	- \$ (7 925 000) \$ 2 925 000 \$ 839,5%	28 143 848 \$	26 943 421 \$	26 925 859 \$	5 199 039 \$	87 212 165
Pre-production CAPEX IRR NPV 5%	(CA\$) (CA\$) (CA\$) (%) (CA\$)	- \$ (7 925 000) \$ 2 925 000 \$ 839,5% 183 576 472 \$	28 143 848 \$ 66 887 329 \$	26 943 421 \$ 64 085 419 \$	26 925 859 \$ 64 085 419 \$	5 199 039 \$ 17 396 928 \$	87 212 165 § 205 205 095 §
Pre-production CAPEX IRR NPV 5% Cash Flow After Tax	(CA\$) (CA\$) (CA\$) (%) (CA\$) (CA\$)	- \$ (7 925 000) \$ 2 925 000 \$ 839,5% 183 576 472 \$ (7 925 000) \$	28 143 848 \$	26 943 421 \$	26 925 859 \$	5 199 039 \$	87 212 165 \$ 205 205 095 \$ 117 992 930 \$
Pre-production CAPEX IRR NPV 5%	(CA\$) (CA\$) (CA\$) (%) (CA\$)	- \$ (7 925 000) \$ 2 925 000 \$ 839,5% 183 576 472 \$	28 143 848 \$ 66 887 329 \$	26 943 421 \$ 64 085 419 \$	26 925 859 \$ 64 085 419 \$	5 199 039 \$ 17 396 928 \$	87 212 165 \$ 205 205 095 \$

Notes:

- (1) There has been no mineral or ore reserve estimate developed. The PEA is based on low-level technical and economic assessments that are not sufficient to support the estimation of mineral or ore reserves. Although almost 90% of the Mineral Resources are in the Measured and Indicated categories, there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination that the production targets underlying the PEA will be realised. Further evaluation work and appropriate studies are required to establish sufficient confidence that any PEA production targets or financial forecasts contained in the PEA will be met.
- (2) Vision Lithium recently repurchased the underlying net smelter return royalty on the Sirmac Project. The economic analysis was completed before the repurchase transaction and has not yet been adjusted.

Figure 2. Sensitivity of NPV5 for the Base Case before taxes

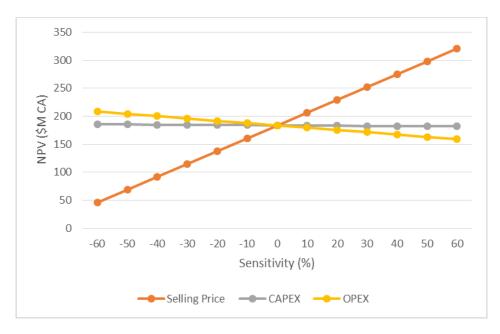
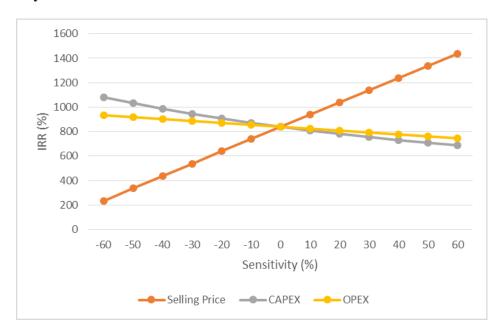


Figure 3. Sensitivity of IRR for the Base Case before taxes



GoldMinds GeoServices Recommendations and Opportunities

The project has good grade and positive metallurgy, moreover the material is mostly above ground and uphill away from creeks and lakes which makes it a favorable environment for rapid development.

Vision Lithium Inc.

MD&A for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023

GoldMinds suggests proceeding with the extraction of a 50,000t bulk sample while preparing a pre-feasibility study or a feasibility study to obtain permits and a mining lease for the entire deposit.

Reader should note that the #5 Dike area of the property is not affected by a recently proposed protection zone for woodland Caribou.

Attention should also be placed on valuation and testing of Rubidium in pegmatite Dike #5 as the amount is significant and could add significant value to the project. (Rubidium 1-gram ampoule 93.40 US\$ in 2021 source USGS report). Average Rubidium in the assays of the #5 mineralized dike is 943 g/t. More work is required to identify the distribution of Rubidium. It is not included in the Mineral Resources at this stage, nor is Tantalum which deserves attention as well.

QA/QC

The database received by Vision from SGS Geostat contained assay results for 1,747 samples. Added to the total assays, there are 60 standards (3.4 % of the samples), 79 duplicates (4.5 % of the samples) and 78 blanks (4.5 % of the samples). Standards of high and low-grade lithium were used with blanks. These results were verified by GoldMinds. Moreover, analysis of independent samples from Desharnais *et al.* were also verified and there was no bias as well. GoldMinds took independent samples in the field on channel samples and on new core of Vision Lithium as well. Results were in line with expected values and have not shown bias. The data has been verified in its form, grades, interpretation as well as interpolation parameters and classification and the block model is considered current, as there is no material change in that aspect. GoldMinds' qualified persons endorse the work done by SGS' qualified persons. The verifications of GoldMinds allow the disclosure of this study and news release.

Qualified Person

The technical content of this news release has been reviewed and approved by Claude Duplessis, P.Eng., and Daniel Dufort, P.Eng., both of GoldMinds Geoservices Inc. and qualified persons as defined by NI 43-101.

Sirmac DSO Project, Quebec

As a result of the very strong worldwide lithium demand, limited supply and very high prices, several lithium producers and/or brokers have approached the Company and expressed an interest in acquiring DSO ("direct shipping material") from the Sirmac deposit. In response, the Company submitted a request in November to the Quebec government for the extraction of a 50,000-tonne bulk sample in 2023 which could be acquired by several possible clients for run-of-mill tests. Negotiation of off-take agreement(s), requests for various permits, along with required technical studies/reports and early preparations for bulk sample extraction will be at the forefront in 2023 for Sirmac. The Company will also initiate a Feasibility Study and submit a request for a mining lease in 2023.

As of July 2023, the bulk sample permit has yet to be issued. The timing of the decision and the size of the sample permitted are unknown. In the meantime, the Company is moving forward. Requests for drill permits have been filed in advance of already-planned close-patterned drilling of the Sirmac deposit as well as extensive drilling of the numerous large untested LCT pegmatites within a kilometer on either side of the deposit. The potential for discovery on this project is considered very high, with LCT dikes demonstrating kilometric strike lengths and widths up to and exceeding 50 meters.

Godslith Property, Manitoba

On March 19, 2021, Vision Lithium Inc. announced the closing of its acquisition (the "**Transaction**") of a 100% undivided interest in the non-surveyed, unpatented mining claim known as the Godslith claim located in Northern

Manitoba. In connection with the Transaction, Vision Lithium has applied for a mineral exploration licence, which together with the Godslith claim, covers a total area of approximately 5,560 hectares (the "**Property**"). The Property is located less than 1 km Northwest of Gods River, Manitoba, within and surrounding the traditional territory of the Manto Sipi Cree Nation (the "**MSCN**"), in the Gods Lake area of the province of Manitoba.

The historical exploration information presented herein is sourced from an independent technical report on the Property (the "**Technical Report**"), dated August 26, 2009, that was prepared for First Lithium Resources Inc. by qualified person Mark Fedikow Ph.D., P.Eng., P.Geo., C.P.G. in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("**NI 43-101**").

The Godslith pegmatite dike is classified as a rare metal spodumene pegmatite. The lithium-bearing mineralization has an approximate 2.3 km drill-indicated strike-length and dips 70 degrees North. The Technical Report details the geological setting of the Property's lithium-bearing pegmatite and reviews the historical exploration results. Between 1958-1961, INCO completed 25 wide-spaced drill holes for a total of 9,421 ft (2,871.5 m). In 1986, W.C. Hood Geological Consulting completed an internal report wherein they reported the following resource estimate:

Zone	Resource Classification	Cut-off Grade % Li ₂ O	Short Tons*	Grade % Li ₂ O	Weighted Average True Width (Metres)
Upper Zone	Historic Indicated	0.70	4,800,000	1.27	11.04
Lower Zone	Historic Probable	0.70	4,600,000	1.14	

^{*1} short ton = 0.9072 metric tonnes.

While the Company considers these historical estimates to be relevant to investors, as they may indicate the presence of mineralization, a qualified person has not done sufficient work for Vision Lithium to classify the historical estimates as current "mineral resources" or "mineral reserves" (as defined in NI 43-101). The foregoing historical estimates were calculated prior to the implementation of NI 43-101 and the Company is not treating these historical estimates as current "mineral resources" or "mineral reserves".

The Company is actively in discussions with the MSCN to reach an agreement which will allow the Company to initiate an exploration program on the Godslith property as soon as feasible. Planned exploration is focused mainly on systematic drilling of the deposit leading to a maiden resource calculation. The Company is very excited about this project as it believes the Godslith deposit is a very high-quality asset with significant upside and can become our flagship property and company driver for years to come.

The Company principals were invited to travel to Gods Lake in mid-June of this year to meet with the local community and MSCN leadership. A public meeting was held where the Company presented the project to the community followed by a Q&A period. Vision Lithium is glad to have finally visited the village and met its residents and looks forward to further interaction leading to a shared future beneficial to all involved.

Cadillac Lithium Property

The Cadillac property consists of 334 claims covering 19,036 hectares (190 km²). The Property is located 20 km south of the historic mining town of Cadillac and approximately halfway between the major mining centres of

Rouyn-Noranda and Val-d'Or, in the province of Quebec, Canada (**Figure 1**). The Property is easily accessible by year-round, well-maintained roads and a regional powerline runs parallel to the road through the Property. The Property hosts a cluster of East-West trending pegmatite dikes, possibly 8 or more, which are spaced approximately 100 metres apart North-South over close to one kilometre and traced for at least 300 metres along strike. Lithium mineralization has been observed in these dikes, with large lithium crystals visible in some areas of the B dike.

During 2022, the Company completed the following:

- Acquired permits for access trails prep, outcrop clearing and sampling and a minimum 4,597 metre drilling program. The Cadillac Lithium occurrence had never been drilled;
- Sampled and assayed 21 separate short channel samples across the main outcropping "B" dike over a strike length of 300 metres. Results received for 15 channels over 65 metres strike length at western end of outcrops. 10 of 29 samples assayed were above 1.00% Li₂O with a high of 4.80% Li₂O over 1.00 m;
- Completed a high-resolution airborne MAG survey over more than half the property. Combining the results of the survey with an existing adjacent HiRes survey. Review and interpretation are ongoing at this time;
- Acquired recent government LIDAR data for the entire property and completed a re-interpretation of the data
 at higher resolutions in order to define and refine potential pegmatite targets for future exploration. The LIDAR
 report identified over 400 potential pegmatite targets for ground proofing;
- Additional brush cleaning and stripping of outcropping pegmatite dikes in the main cluster;
- Completed a Phase 1 drill program with 36 holes totaling 4,597 metres;
- Completion of a "first pass" field exploration of entire 190 km2 property to ground proof >500 possible pegmatite targets identified by Mag and LiDAR survey interpretations.

Additional cleaning and stripping of the B and C dikes and newly discovered G dike show the dikes to be continuous over at least 150 m ("G") and over 300 m for the B dike. Upon close inspection, the B dike is continuously mineralized along its entire strike length with locally very large crystals. The C and G dikes were cleaned and washed and will be mapped in detail in 2023. After further review, lithium crystals were observed on the C dike.

Drilling to date has established lateral continuity of the dikes of 150 to over 300 m along strike to depths of at least 100 m and true widths of 5 to 10 metres. Mineralization at surface is continuous along the 300 m strike length of the B dike. Mineralization is more conspicuous in core than on surface, resulting in narrower high-grade sections. Review of the results of the program are underway ahead of DDH planning for 2023.

Field work in 2022 was completed over much of the 190 sq.km. property. Well over 500 outcrops were visited to date and as many samples were sent for multi-element geochemical analysis. Assay results did not uncover a lithium cluster but did identify areas of interest for follow-up. Numerous pegmatites of interest have been observed, though no obvious lithium mineralization has yet been found.

At this time, only minor fieldwork has been done on the project this year. Access has been hindered by forest fires.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Three-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Nine-month period ended	Nine-month period ended
	May 31,	May 31,	May 31,	May 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Operating expenses	299,378	498,528	1,817,547	1,633,665
Net loss for the period	(299,298)	(473,109)	(1,813,085)	(1,480,347)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares in circulation	254,187,268	233,032,920	246,238,750	225,981,083

	Statement of financial position as at May 31, 2023	Consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2022
Cash	85,283	744,605
Exploration and evaluation assets	19,704,718	18,514,854
Total assets	20,109,488	20,233,815
Current liabilities	204,429	389,669
Working capital	166,265	1,265,984
Equity	19,905,059	19,789,894

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION SUMMARY

Quarter	Income cost	Financial cost	Operating expenses	Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets	Gain (Loss) for the period	Loss per share
2023-05-31	203	123	299,378	-	(299,298)	(0.00)
2023-02-28	3,558	141	659,112	-	(655,695)	(0.00)
2022-11-30	1,106	141	859,056	363	(858,091)	(0.00)
2022-08-31	9,653	40	322,996	4,405	(313,515)	(0.01)
2022-05-31	6,914	171	498,528	-	(473,109)	(0.00)
2022-02-28	676	45	932,555	-	(886,345)	(0.00)
2021-11-30	974	238	202,582	350	(120,893)	(0,00)
2021-08-31	1,338	928	215,452	32,206	(166,418)	(0.00)

Results of operations

Current quarter

During the three-month period ended May 31, 2023, the Company reported a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$299,298 (or \$0.00 per share) compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$473,109 (or \$0.00 per share) during the three-month period ended May 31, 2022.

Operational expenses increased by \$199,150 to \$299,378 (\$498,528 as of May 31, 2022).

During the three-month period ended May 31, 2023, there is an amount of \$73,604 of share-based payments (\$205,170 as at May 31, 2022), all of which related to equity-settled share-based payment transactions which \$2,697 (\$9,770 as at May 31, 2022) was capitalized in exploration and evaluation assets, \$70,907 (\$195,400 as at May 31, 2022) were included in employee benefits expenses and reported in profit or loss and credited to contributed surplus.

The Company engaged no amount for exploration and evaluation expenses during the third quarter ended May 31, 2023.

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, the Company reported a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$1,813,085 (or \$0.00 per share) compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$1,480,347 (or \$0.00 per share) during the nine-month period ended May 31, 2022.

Operational expenses increased by \$183,882 to \$1,817,547 (\$1,633,665 in 2022).

Vision Lithium Inc.

MD&A for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, there is an amount of \$883,250 of share-based payments (\$752,290 as at May 31, 2022), all of which related to equity-settled share-based payment transactions which \$32,370 (\$35,823 as at May 31, 2022) was capitalized in exploration and evaluation assets, \$850,880 (\$716,467 as at May 31, 2022) were included in employee benefits expenses and reported in profit or loss and credited to contributed surplus.

Statements of financial position

As of May 31, 2023, Cash and guaranteed investment certificates includes any amount which has to be expensed as exploration expenses before December 31, 2022 (\$818,801 as at August 31, 2022).

As of May 31, 2023, the Company had total assets of \$20,109,488 compared to \$20,233,815 as at August 31, 2022. This decrease of \$124,327 is described in the following paragraphs:

Current assets

The current assets amount to \$370,694 as of May 31, 2023 compared to \$1,655,653 as of August 31, 2022. They are mainly composed of the cash at \$85,283, the guaranteed investment certificate at \$77,171 and tax credits receivable at \$151,717 compared to respectively \$744,605, \$779,942 and \$2,184 as at August 31, 2022. The decrease in cash mainly reflects the current expenses.

Exploration and evaluation assets

The exploration and evaluation assets amount to \$19,704,718 as of May 31, 2023 compared to \$18,514,854 as of August 31, 2022. The increase of \$1,189,864 represents mainly the exploration work totaling \$1,232,452 before tax credit and refundable credit on duties.

The following table details the allocation of the exploration expenditures between the properties:

Analysis of exploration work by property:

Description	Sirmac \$	Dôme Lemieux \$	Red Brook \$	Godslith \$	Cadillac \$	Décelles \$	Total \$
Balance as at August 31, 2022	1,159,677	672,521	415,681	61,294	1,439,886	61,131	3,810,190
Additions							
Drilling	186,993	-	261,305	-	(1,432)	_	446,866
Surveying and acces roads	-	_	-	-	1,500	-	1,500
Geology	38,296	2,914	70,683	30,614	232,678	27,475	402,660
Geophysics	129,505	-	83,800	-	-	-	213,305
Rent	1,523	-	189	-	2,002	1,021	4,735
Office expenses	1,494	-	-	-	-	-	1,494
Reports, Duties, taxes and permits	102,538	2,279	-	-	4,300	-	109,117
Amortization of property and equipment	1,600	53	1,221	28	963	303	4,168
Amortization of right-of-use assets	2,983	-	615	-	10,078	1,897	15,573
Stock based payments	14,542	324	7,021	-	8,998	1,485	32,370
Interests on lease obligations	37	-	10	_	577	40	664
6.1	470 511	5.570	124.044	20.642	250.001	22.221	1 222 452
Sub-total	479,511	5,570	424,844	30,642	259,664	32,221	1,232,452
Tax credit	(76,504)	(984)	-		(62,087)	(9,958)	(149,533)
Net expense for the period	403,007	4,586	424,844	30,642	197,577	22,263	1,082,919
Balance as at May 31, 2023	1,562,684	677,107	840,525	91,936	1,637,463	83,394	4,893,109

Liabilities

Current liabilities were \$204,429 as of May 31, 2023, compared to \$389,669 as of August 31, 2022. The decrease of \$185,240 mainly reflects the decrease in trade and other payables.

Non-current liabilities were \$nil as of May 31, 2023, compared to \$54,252 as of August 31, 2022. The decrease of \$54,252 mainly reflects to the reclassification of the current loan of \$40,000.

Equity

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, shareholders' equity was \$19,905,059 compared to \$19,789,894 as at August 31, 2022 for an increase totaling \$115,165. This positive change mainly includes the exercise of warrants for an amount of \$1,045,000 and share-based payments for an amount of \$883,250 and a variation having a negative impact which mainly includes the total net and comprehensive income for the period of \$1,813,085.

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, the Company granted 9,550,000 options to directors, officers, employees and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share, expiring on October 14, 2027. The options have a contractual life of 5 years from the date of grant. 50% of the options are exercisable immediately and 50% are exercisable 6 months after the date of the grant. The estimated fair value of these options is \$0.094 per option. The fair value of options granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes model based on the following assumptions: share price at grant date of \$0.10, expected volatility of 194.4%, life expected 5-year options, 3.37% risk-free interest rate and no dividend per share.

Cash Flows

Cash flows used in *operating activities* were \$841,446 and \$863,308 respectively, for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023 and 2022. These cash flows represent the net loss of each period adjusted for non-cash items from operating activities. For the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023, non-cash items with a positive impact on the cash flows totaled \$971,639 and those items were mainly related to the stock-based compensation for \$850,880. For the nine-month period ended May, 2022, non-cash items with a positive impact on the cash flows totaled \$739,631 and those items were mainly related to the stock-based compensation for \$716,467. The cash items with negative impact on cash flows as of May 31, 2022, totaling \$122,592 and were related to deferred income tax.

Cash flows (used in) from *investing activities* were (\$837,660) and \$472,979 respectively, for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023 and 2022. For those same periods, the cash flows were mainly related to the additions to exploration and evaluation assets for (\$1,540,431) and (\$1,273,254) respectively and disposal of guarantied investment certificates for \$702,771 and \$1,750,000.

Cash flows from *financing activities* were \$1,019,784 and \$941,672 respectively, for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023 and 2022. For those same periods, the cash flows were mainly related to the issuance of warrants for \$1,045,000 and \$965,000 respectively.

FINANCIAL CONDITIONS AND LIQUIDITY

The Company is an exploration company. Its capacity to assume the continuity of its operations depends on its ability to obtain new funds. Although the Company has been successful in doing so in the past, there is no guarantee that it will succeed in the future.

The Company's financing comes mostly from share issuances. The success of these issuances depends on the venture capital markets, the investors' interest to exploration companies, and the price of metals. In order to continue its exploration activities and to support its current activities, the Company has to maintain its exposure within the financial community to realize new financings.

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, cash amounted to \$85,283 compared to \$744,605 for the year ended August 31,2022. The Company has no obligation toward flow-through expenditures as of December 31, 2022 (\$818,801 as of August 31, 2022).

Working capital was \$166,265 as at May 31, 2023 compared to \$1,265,984 as of August 31, 2022. From the management's point of view, the following elements of the working capital may directly impact the Company's needs for short term financing to pursue its activities: the cashing of the tax credit is unpredictable in time.

During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, the Company did not sell any part of its investment in marketable securities in a quoted mining exploration company (nil as at August 31, 2022).

Vision Lithium Inc.

MD&A for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company, like all other mining exploration companies, is exposed to a variety of financial and environmental risks as well as risks related to the very nature of its activities. It is also subject to risks related to other factors, such as the price of metals and market conditions in general.

Permits and Licenses

The Company's operations may require permits and licenses from different governmental authorities. There cannot be any assurance that the Company will obtain all the required permits and licenses in order to continue the exploration, development, and mining operations on its properties.

Metal Prices

Even if the exploration programs of the Company are successful, some factors out of the Company's control may affect the marketing of the minerals found. Historically, metal prices have largely fluctuated and are affected by many factors which are out of the Company's control, including international, economic and political trends, inflation expectations, exchange rate fluctuations, interest rates, global and regional consumption models, speculative activities and worldwide production levels. The effects of these factors cannot be precisely predicted.

Financing

The Company has incurred losses to date and does not currently have the financial resources required to finance its planned exploration. Exploration of the Company's properties therefore depends on its ability to obtain the additional financing required.

There can be no assurance that the Company will succeed in obtaining the required funding. Failure to do so may lead to substantial dilution of its interest (existing or proposed) in its properties.

Key Personnel

The management of the Company rests on some key managers and mostly on its President / CEO. The loss of this officer could have a negative impact on the development and the success of its operations. The Company's success is linked to its capacity to attract and keep qualified personnel. Competitiveness in the mining industry is high and the success of the Company depends mostly on the senior managers and the qualified geological personnel.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of May 31, 2023, the Company had not concluded any off-balance sheet arrangements.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As of July 20, 2023, the share data are:

Common shares issued and outstanding	254,552,485		
Stock options (weighted average exercise price of \$0.14)	16,250,000		
Warrants (weighted average exercise price of \$0.09)	31,225,024		
Total fully diluted	302,027,485		

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND GOING CONCERN

These interim financial statements of the Company were prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. These interim financial statements were prepared using the same basis of presentation, accounting policies and methods of computations outlined in Note 4, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES as described in our financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022. The interim financial statements do not include all of the notes required in annual financial statements.

These interim financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis and using the historical cost.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends on its ability to realize its assets and additional financing. While it has been successful in doing so in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. The Company has not yet determined whether its properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment when applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

The Company's objectives in managing capital are to ensure sufficient liquidity to pursue its organic growth strategy and undertake selective acquisitions. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares and acquire or sell mining properties to improve its financial performance and flexibility.

Vision Lithium Inc.

MD&A for the nine-month periods ended May 31, 2023

The Company's capital is composed of shareholders' equity. The Company's primary uses of capital are to finance exploration expenditures and property acquisitions. To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company has in place a budgeting process to help determine the funds required to ensure the Company has appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives.

The Company is not subject, in regards of external rules, to any requirements regarding its capital, except if the Company completes a flow-through financing of which the cash must be reserved for exploration. As of May 31, 2023, the Company had no amount for flow-through obligation regarding cash (\$818,801 as of August 31, 2022).

As of May 31, 2023, the shareholder's equity was \$19,905,059 compared to \$19,789,894 as at August 31, 2022.

OUTLOOK

The Company's plans for 2023 are strongly tilted towards advancing the Sirmac project towards an early-stage development and mining. An advanced exploration bulk sample of up to 50,000 tonnes is in permitting, and the Company is planning to initiate a Feasibility study on the #5 Dike deposit and submit a request for a mining lease as soon as possible. Additional work would involve close-spaced drilling o the deposit as well as extensive drilling of the numerous LCT pegmatites on the property. Funding is not in place for these developments and will have to be secured in order to move forward.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Company's financial statements and other financial information contained in this quarterly Management's Discussion and Analysis report are the responsibility of Company's management and have been approved by the board of directors.

Val-d'Or, July 20, 2023

(Signed) Yves Rougerie, President and Chief Executive Officer

(Signed) Nancy Lacoursière, Chief Financial Officer

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